خَيْرُكُمْ مَنْ تَعَلَّمَ الْقُرْآنَ وَعَلَّمَهُ.

The best amongst you is the one learns and teaches the Quran.

This book belongs to:

Keep this safe.

It will be required for revision at the beginning of the term in Level 2.

Note: The words in here are there to provide further examples of the relevant concept and at times some words may not contain an actual meaning in Arabic.

حامدا و مصلیا

Introduction

Assalamualaykum, Dear parent / teacher,

This is the second part of the "supplementary booklet" to support pupils who are using Ahsanul Qawaid to learn how to recite the Quran. In order to maximise benefit, it is important parents understand the purpose of this workbook; this has been highlighted in part 1.

Please also note:

- > It is very important that your child at this stage understands all the concepts that have to date been covered. A failure in this will lead to your child struggling immensely (as each concept is a link to the next one and so forth).
- ➤ If your child has fallen behind for whatever reason, you need to establish the last concept your child understands, from this point onwards you then need to make a robust "revision plan" to "catch up". Simply expecting your child to automatically "catch up" is not just wishful thinking, but will hamper progress even further.
- > Certain concepts such as Sukoon and Tashdeed

This class is the most important stepping stone towards learning to recite the Quran, thus a little effort and involvement now will pay huge dividends later on. Please do not hesitate to email any feedback / suggestions etc.

Finally, a big thank you to all those who have assisted in compiling this booklet. We pray to Allah for guidance, wisdom and steadfastness and may he accept our efforts. Ameen.

Moulana Farook Kazi

Founder & Chair of Al-Ansaar Welfare & Education December 2010 / Muharram 1432

Sukoon Concepts

These pages and worksheets will cover the following concepts that are in Ahsanul Qawaid, i.e. having a Saakin letter after a letter containing a Harakah:

5	4	3	2	1
اَن	اِی	آی	أؤ	أؤ
A.Q. Page 23	A.Q. Page 22	A.Q. Page 21	A.Q. Page 20	A.Q. Page 19
Lesson 17	Lesson 16	Lesson 15	Lesson 14	Lesson 13

Working from the book "Ahsanul Qawaid", the above makes a total of 5 concepts.

However, in reality there are only 3 concepts, as numbers 1, 3 and 5 (in the above concepts) are same. To make it easier for children, and to avoid confusion, we are using these pages to learn the above concepts.

If required, we may go over the examples in Ahsanul Qawaid after finishing these pages.

Please also note the following:

- 1. The "semi-circle" on the second letter in the above examples is known as a Sukoon.
- 2. A letter containing a Sukoon is known as Saakin.

Examples:

ن	Ž	ي
This is a Noon	This is a Meem	This is a Yaa
Saakin	Saakin	Saakin

Part 1

Notes for parents

<u>Concept we are covering</u>: Any Saakin letter preceded by <u>any letter from the alphabet</u> containing any one of the three vowel points (Fatha, Dhamma, Kasra).

To make it easier for children, each of the following first 6 lessons are devoted to a specific vowel point only.

<u>Teaching strategy</u>: First ask the <u>first bit</u> of the two letter word, and then explain that the second letter has a "Sukoon" (semi-circle), and the first letter must be joined to the <u>sound</u> second letter.

Part 1 has six lessons.

<u>Lesson 1</u> Any Saakin letter preceded by a letter containing a Fatha.

5	4	3	2	1
سَفُ	بَسُ	بَنُ	اَن	آب

10	9	8	7	6
ذَعُ	يَثُ	مَقُ	جَشُ	جَنْ

Lesson 2

Any Saakin letter preceded by a letter containing a Kasra.

5	4	3	2	1
مِنُ	تِمُ	بِفُ	اِن	اِب

10	9	8	7	6
قِنُ	لِش	ۻۼ	جص	ۺؚڵ

Lesson 3

Any Saakin letter preceded by a letter containing a Dhamma.

5	4	3	2	1
تُب	قُلُ	بُلُ	أمد	ٱبٛ

10	9	8	7	6
شق	ز ج	ڠُمۡ	عُدُ	ئۇز

Lesson 4

Special emphasis on the second (Saakin) letter being 3. Use the teaching strategy mentioned earlier.

5	4	3	2	1
شَمْ	مَوْ	بَوْ	یَوْ	أؤ

10	9	8	7	6
تَوْ	قَنُ	د َوْ	ذهُ	شُو

Lesson 5

Special emphasis on the second (Saakin) letter being $\mathring{\mathcal{C}}$. Use the teaching strategy mentioned earlier.

5	4	3	2	1
غَی	ظَئ	وَ يُ	شَیْ	اَی

10	9	8	7	6
سَیْ	هَیْ	بَیْ	ظئ	تَئ

Lesson 6

This lesson is about giving special emphasis on the second (Saakin) letter (as it is a throat letter and thus very easy to mispronounce).

Practice the 6 throat letters first (stating from the bottom of the throat):

Bottom of the throat				
8 8				
Pronounced	very lightly.			

Middle of the throat				
ع				
Must be pronounced w	vithout exaggeration.			

Top of the throat			
ۼ خ			
Must be pronounced w	vithout exaggeration.		

Now practice the following examples (emphasise which part of the throat the second letter originates from).

5	4	3	2	1
اً غُ	تُغُ	بِئ	اً غ	ٱخ

10	9	8	7	6
مَغُ	اِخْ	ٱڿٛ	سَحُ	شهٔ

5	4	3	2	1
نخۇ	جَوْ	سَوْ	لۇ	آؤ

10	9	8	7	6
گۇ	هَوْ	ذَوْ	صَوْ	مَوْ

15	14	13	12	11
زۇ	يَوْ	35	بَوْ	نَوْ

20	19	18	17	16
غَوُ	فَوۡ	قَوُ	ظَوْ	ثُو

25	24	23	22	21
ئۇ	ظۇ	آؤ ا	شَوْ	ڏ ڙ

29	28	27	26
ضَوْ	35	35	تَوْ

5	4	3	2	1	
ذَيُ	خَيي	جَيْ	تَيُ	أيُ	
10	9	8	7	6	
غَيْ	ظي	ضي	شیی	زي	
15	14	13	12	11	
يَي	هَي	نَي	لي	قَيْ	
20	19	18	17	16	
ى ي	دَيُ	حَيْ	تَي	بَيْ	
25	24	23	22	21	
عَيْ	طي	فَيُ	صي	ىسچ	

29	28	27	26
ئَيْ	وَ يُ	مَيْ	كَيْ

3	2	1
كُفْ	مُث	قُلُ
6	5	4
دَغ	ى ئى	كن
9	8	7
خَفْ	شُ	كُنْ
12	11	10
اِض	بَث	ضُغ
15	14	13
ثِق	صل	بځ

Part 2

Notes for parents

<u>Purpose of this section</u>: Covering <u>random examples</u> of a Saakin letter preceded by <u>any letter from the alphabet</u> containing <u>any one of the three</u> vowel points (Fatha, Dhamma, Kasra).

Teaching strategy:

- a) Give a few minutes to your child to work out the words.
- b) Listen to your child.
- c) If your child reads incorrectly and / or joins the letters incorrectly, do not simply correct your child but "break up" the word and explain how to join the letters together (refer to the teaching strategy in part 1).

Part 2 has 3 lessons.

Lesson 1

5	4	3	2	1
يَشُ	یَی	يَوْ	یِمْ	ذُن

10	9	8	7	6
فَزُ	فِذُ	فُمۡ	قِن	قُفْ

15	14	13	12	11
عَوْ	حَيْ	ڠؙۺٛ	نَـوْ	جَئ

Lesson 2

5	4	3	2	1
ۇڭ	ۇ ڭ	ئ ۋ	٥ć	یَ کی

10	9	8	7	6
نَجُ	خَیُ	بِؿؙ	طُمُ	غِنُ

15	14	13	12	11
عُرُ	نِهُ	تُسُ	اَشُ	صْب

Lesson 3

These examples contain more than 2 letters.

5	4	3	2	1
يَقُتُلُ	مُجُرِمٌ	قِلْنَا	د د قت	قُمُنَا

10	9	8	7	6
عَدُ نٍ	تُرُسَلُ	نَعُقِلُ	بُلْتَ	تُفْتَحُ

Note: You can easily turn the above examples into words ending with a Tanween. This will ensure the concepts of Tanween are also being practiced. Examples:

2	1
ذ ُ قُتُ	ڊ ٿ ي

3	2	1
عَفْوًا	جَمَلُ	طلب
	F	4
6	5	4
ظرُفٌ	كُلْبٌ	حَبُلِ
9	8	7
جِللِ	نَجُمُ	بَيْت
12	11	10
خِلْقُ	عُرُفِ	كأ تسمر
15	14	13
ٱشُهَنُ	صْبُحًا	7يُثِ

5	4	3	2	1
ضَيْفٍ	لیُسٌ	7يُبِ	كيدًا	غَيْب
10	9	8	7	6
<u>ۮ</u> ؽڽٛ	<i>ڔ</i> ؽۺ	خَيْرًا	حَيْثُ	زيْثُ
15	14	13	12	11
ضيف	دَيْنٍ	ليْفٌ	صيف	؆ <i>ڔ</i> ؽۺ
20	19	18	17	16
مَيْتٍ	زيْثُ	ضيرًا	جَيْشُ	عَيْنُ
25	24	23	22	21
هَيُهَاتَ	بَيْثُ	سَيْلُ	وَيُلَكُمُ	كيلا

Part 3

Notes for parents

<u>Purpose of this section</u>: This section covers examples of where the Sukoon appears anywhere in a word. Examples:

3	2	1
End of a word	Middle of a word	Beginning of a word
يُجَادِلُ	وَجَدُنًا	ٱنجيرُ

<u>Teaching strategy</u>: After this section, children must be able to read the whole word together. To achieve this, it is essential that each word in the coming lessons is gradually "put together", and as you cover more examples there should be greater fluency.

Example of how to cover a word gradually (starting from the right):

Step 3	Step 2	Step 1	Actual word
وَجَدُنًا	جَدُنًا	جَلُ	
Now let your child recite the complete word.	Now increase the word - this could be either the last part (as in the example above) or the first part.	Ask your child the Sukoon concept first.	وَجُلُنَا

You will have to use pen and paper to adopt this method.

If at step 3 your child is struggling to recite the whole word together, then you need to return to step 1 and start again. Exercising a little patience now will ensure your child <u>understands</u> the relevant concept. <u>Fluency</u> in reciting the word together is only achieved after working on different examples.

Lesson 1

5	4	3	2	1
ؠۮؙؾؘ	سَبْعَ	ٱجِۮ	مِصْرَ	قَلْبٌ

10	9	8	7	6
تَسُأُلُ	يُنْصَحُ	عِلْمُكِ	ٳڣٛۼڶ	ضَاقَتُ

Lesson 2

5	4	3	2	1
سَيْخُبِرُ	أَصْنَامٍ	وَاحِدُ	مُجُرِمٌ	ٱفۡضَلُ

10	9	8	7	6
جَعَلْنَاكَ	سُبْحَانَ	فَأُنحُرِجَ	ڠٛڶ؆ؘڰ۠	لِبَغْضٍ

Note: You can easily turn all the above examples into words ending with a Tanween. This will ensure the concepts of Tanween are also being practiced.

Lesson 3

Examples of words where Sukoon appears more than once in a word.

<u>Remember:</u> If at this stage your child finds these concepts a challenge, then put the word together "gradually".

4	3	2	1
لَمُ يَجْعَلُ	أنسِلتُمُ	طِبْتُمْ	أحُسَنُتَ

8	7	6	5
اَلَمُنجُعَلُ	ٱفَنَجُعَلُ	خَلَقْنَاكُمُ	سأنزِل

12	11	10	9
لبِثْنَا	سَيَقُولُ	لَنْ تَدُخُلَ	عَيْنَيْنِ

3	2	1
أَفُواجًا	أغنابًا	ٱلْبَاتًا
6	5	4
ٱرُواجًا	ٱتُرَابًا	ٱشۡتَاتًا
9	8	7
آئسَلْنَا	أنُصَاحُ	ٱحْياءً
12	11	10
ٱوۡءَتُكُمۡ	أبُلَغُوا	ٱنۡجَيۡتَ
15	14	13
اَوَيْنَا	أغزج	ٳؗؗؗؗٛڗؙڟ۬ؽ

3	2	1
ضُوْحًا	شۇمسا	لُوْنَ
6	5	4
غُوْب	ظُوْلَ	گؤف
9	8	7
ضُوْي	فوم	ھُوْو
12	11	10
د د و سک	ۇ ئۇل	نُوْثُو
15	14	13
عُوثُوك	محؤظ	ۇۇن

6	5	4	3	2	1
غَاوْنَ	شهود	خفظت	و بري	سَلمٍ	سَوُ فَ

12	11	10	9	8	7
هَوازِنُ	يرؤنها	مَفَاعِلَ	خالِدٍ	مُطَاعِ	عَفَوْنَا

18	17	16	15	14	13
و ب	آؤفَنَ عَ	مَالِكِ	دا ؤد	تَكُوْنُ	سَمُواتٍ

24	23	22	21	20	19
تُووًا	شَوْبٍ	عَوْفي	أَوْتَادًا	نَوْلُ	مَوْشًا

30	29	28	27	26	25
صَوْرٍ	قُلُوْبٌ	حَوْشُ	دُّوْلَةٍ دُوْلَةٍ	يَقُولُونَ	تُوْرُ وُنَ

5	4	3	2	1
يَوْمٍ	ثَوْرًا	شۇپ	قَوْلُ	كۇش
10	9	8	7	6
زَوْجًا	حَوْلَهُ	مَوْتِهَا	ضَوْتٍ	هَوُلُّ
15	14	13	12	11
صَوْ تَيْ	شُذُوْرًا	كُوْكُبُ	غَوْن	ى ۋىخىي
20	19	18	17	16
شۇق	شُوْي	قُّوْ ن	بُوْتَ	يُوْن
25	24	23	22	21
طُوْ بُ	ثُوْرًا	ڳو لڀ	لُوْدٍ	شُعُوْمًا
30	29	28	27	26
سَاهُوْنَ	څو م	نُوْحٌ	اَعُودُ	تَكُوْنَ

5	4	3	2	1
ۮؚؽ	خِي	جِي	تِي	اِي
10	9	8	7	6
غي	ظِي	ضي	نشي	ڒؚؠ
15	14	13	12	11
یِي	هِي	نِي	لِي	قِي
20	19	18	17	16
رِيي	دِيُ	حِي	ؿؚؿ	ڔؚؿ
25	24	23	22	21
25	24	23	22	71
عِيُ	طِي	فِي	صِي	سِي

29	28	27	26
ئِي	ۅِي	مِي	کِي

5	4	3	2	1
أخيه	مَجِيْلُ	كَثِيْرًا	مُبِيْنٍ	اِيُمَانُ
10	9	8	7	6
عِيْنَ	نَعِيُلًا	قِيۡلًا	فِيْنَا	بِبَنِيۡهِ
15	14	13	12	11
حَرِيُصُ	يَتِيُمًا	لزيُنُ	عَيْلًا	حَبِيْثِ
20	19	18	17	16
لقِيْتُ	صَبِيُرًا	مَسِيْكُ	ٱلِيُمُ	ٱۿؽڷ
				<u>. </u>

25	24	23	22	21
حِيْتَانُهُمُ	نَمِيْمًا	زَبِيْحٌ	تُمِيُرُ	فِيُلِ

5	4	3	2	1
نِ	غ	جًا	ن	قَا
10	9	8	7	6
لِئ	قَوْ	صُ	ثٍ	5
15	14	13	12	11
فِئ	ظًا	صَا	مُوْ	بَوْ
20	19	18	17	16
قَا	شۇ	ф Д	عِيُ	ٺ
25	24	23	22	21
\$	و	شو	ظي	طَوْ
30	29	28	27	26
وَيْ	;	ب	بَي	نَوْ

3	2	1
أنظروا	تَقُولُونَ	يُلُعَوْنَ
6	5	4
فُرْقَانَ	أَدُبَايِهِمُ	مَنْ مُحُوْرًا
9	8	7
دا ؤد	نَصَرُنهُ	تَبْرَكَ
12	11	10
فَنَفَخُنَا	يَحْيٰ	لَبُوْسِ
15	14	13
بَهِيْجٌ	ز لز لة	يويكنا

3	2	1
مَنْ أمَنَ	مَرُجُوْمِيْنَ	مَفْعَلَةٌ
	E	4
6	5	4
مَنْجَا	مَقْتَلُ	مَوْعِظَةً
9	8	7
مِمْحَاةٌ	مِضُرَبٍ	مِسْطَرَةٌ
12	11	10
مِيْزَانًا	مَعُهُوْدٌ	مِفْتَاحًا
15	14	13
مُوْصِلَةٌ	مُنْقَلِبُون	مُنْحَصِرٍ

3	2	1
يَسُوْمُوْنَ	بۇرك	اُ و تِی
		4
6	5	4
طيرًا	زَ يُحُونٍ	بَيْثُ
9	8	7
عَظِيْمًا	لطِيْفٌ	بشيرًا
12	11	10
اَلْحَمْنُ	ٱئىسَل	اَذُهَب
15	14	13
اِيْهَامٍ	تَنۡزِیۡلُ	عَالَمِيْنَ

5	4	3	2	1
جَرُئُثُمُ	بِرِئْنَ	أنحطِئت	اِسْتَقُرَأَن	إئتَمَنَ
10			-	,
10	9	8	/	6
فَأُلُ	ؽٷٛٛڎٞۯ	إثو	د ا	دِئُتَ
15	14	13	12	11
يَأْبُ	تأتٍ	مَأُوَاهُمُ	يَأُمُّرُكُمُ	قَأْشِ

20	19	18	17	16
نَبَأ	مَأُمُّوْنَ	يُؤُمِنُ	مَأْتُورُ	ڬؙۺ

23	22	21
صَأَتُ	إبْداً	ٳػٛؾ

Worksheet Number 17 - Tashdeed

IMPORTANT NOTE: This is an important concept; it is essential your child grasps this concept and is able to recite letters containing Tashdeed.

3	2	1
شق	مَنَ	عُمْ
6	5	4
مَسَ	عَلَّ	اِق
9	8	7
آق	تُمّ	ى ب
12	11	10
الله ع		عناها
15	14	13
اً هَا	شُن	کّل

Worksheet Number 18 - Tashdeed

3	2	1
سَجّر	قُلْسَ	سَلَّمَ
	-	1
6	5	4
عَنَّب	ى غب	خَرَجَ
		_
9	8	7
صرّف	ظهر	ذ گر
12	11	10
كَثّرَ	بَدَّلَ	صَرَّحَ
15	14	13
كَرَّمَ	قَسَّمَ	حَرَّمَ

Worksheet Number 19 - Tashdeed

3	2	1
تُؤكِّدانِ	وَفُرْنَا	تُوحِّنُ
		_
6	5	4
خَفِفَن	نحَلَّى	سَلَّوْا
9	8	7
ري تي	مُنَبِّهُ	تَجْمُ
12	11	10
اَسَّسَ	صَلَّى	يُسَمِّئ
15	14	13
ٱلِّفُ	غف	مُسَوِّ

Worksheet Number 20 - Tashdeed

3	2	1
طيِبة	لِيثَيِّت	نَزَّلهُ
6	5	4
صِلِّيْقًا	عَرَبِيُّ	جَبًا رًا
9	8	7
خَفِيًّا	شجّنًا	ڋ؆ۣؾۜۊ
12	11	10
تُحِسُّ	ٱلَّتِی	نَبِيْنَ
15	14	13
15 اَکْ قَطِعَنَّ الْکُ قَطِعَنَ	عَلُوْ	ضِدًّا

Worksheet Number 21 - Tashdeed

3	2	1
عَشِيًا	جَهَنَّمَ	خَرُّوْا

6	5	4
مَحَلَّ	اَ شُكَّ	عِزًا

9	8	7
يُبَلِغُ	اِیّاك	قَهَا مُ

12	11	10
يُنَقِّنُ	قِصَة	الكرق

15	14	13
مُطَهِّرَةٌ	و التبعوا	يَتَخَلُّصُ

Worksheet Number 22 - Tashdeed

3	2	1
أَمَنَّا	ى بِهِمْ	وَالَّذِيْنَ
6	5	4
أعِلَّتُ	كَصَيِّبٍ	يَمُكُّهُمُ
_	_	_
9	8	7
بِكْلِ	فَسَوْهُنَ	يُضِلُّ
12	11	10
شُرِّ	ثقَٰتِّسُ	نُسَبِّحُ
15	14	13
بِالصَّبْرِ	تَبْث	ٱلنَّفْتُتِ

More practice on Tashdeed

Note: If applicable, these pages can be missed out and given as homework for the next Madrasa holiday or long weekend holiday.

Notes for parents:

The purpose of these lessons is two things:

<u>Part A</u> = Examples of words containing Tashdeed.

 $\underline{Part\ B}$ = Short Quranic verses. These are there to practice ALL concepts covered to date.

- ✓ Please cover the work as per the guidelines on the relevant page.
- ✓ The aim is to understand the concepts, recognise them and recite the "short sentences" with 100% fluency and as an added bonus with a "Quranic tune". The latter is not a "core" objective and parents must only encourage this if the overall fluency and recognition is extremely good.
- ✓ Before going over the worksheets, please read through them all so that you have a full understanding of the overall aims and objectives.
- ✓ These sheets have been specially prepared to assist your child with the Tashdeed concept. Make the most of them.

Worksheet 23a - Words containing Tashdeed

Note: Please go over <u>each word</u> carefully. These words all contain a Tashdeed and after the Tashdeed there is either a Dhamma, Fatha or Kasra.

3	2	1
أَعَنَّبُ	يُصَلِّ قُوْنَ	نُحَرِّكُ

6	5	4
مُتَعَجّبَةٍ	هُبَكُ لُ	مُتَحَرِّكاً

Worksheet 23b

Note: Go over <u>each word</u> carefully. These words all contain a Tashdeed and after the Tashdeed there is a Saakin letter. Thus pupils need to understand how to join such words.

3	2	1
تَحَرَّكُثُمُ	سَلَّطَتُ	صُرِّتُ

6	5	4
يَتَفَكَّرُنَ	تَرَشَّحُنَ	تَكَلَّفُنَا

Worksheet 24

Note: These are words containing Tashdeed in no particular order.

3	2	1
مَلَّكُوْا	أُسَوِّى	صَلَيْنَا

6	5	4
اُمَنَا	خَلَيْتُمَا	شويي

Reminder!

Go over the full mouth letters with your child.

7	6	5	4	3	2	1
ظ	ؾ	ط	غ	ض	ص	خ

Reminder!

There will be a Ghunna if Noon or Meem has a Tashdeed.



Worksheet 25 - Short Quran Verses

Note: Please go over <u>each word</u> carefully, and then help your child join up all the words together. The aim is 100% recognition. To assist your child in concentrating, cover up all other words so that the focus is just on one word.

وَ لَقَدُ أَنْ سَلْنَا فِيهِمُ	1
وَلَقَلُ نَا إِنَا نُوحٌ	2
فَقَالَ الاَتَأْكُلُونَ	3
يَغْفِرُ لَكُمْ ذُنُوبَكُمْ إِلَى أَجَلٍ	4
وَلَقَلُ سَبَقَتُ كَلِمَتُنَا لَعِبَادِنَا الْمُرْسَلِيْنَ	5
كَيْفَ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ الْمُنْذَبِيْنَ	6

Worksheet 26 - Short Quran Verses

Note: Again, please go over <u>each word</u> carefully. The aim is not to learn anything in parrot fashion. Point out and emphasise full mouth letters and ensure Ghunna of Noon and Meem is taking place (see shaded letters).

حَمَّالَةَ الْحَطْبِ	1
وَ هُمْ فِيْ غَفْلَةٍ مُعْرِضُون	2
فَأَمَّا مَنُ أُوتِى كِتَابَهُ	3
اِنَّهُ مِنْ عِبَادِنَا الْمُرْسَلِيْنَ	4
ر حول کوب کوب ا	
مَلِكِ النَّاسِ إلهِ النَّاسِ	5
وَقَالَ النِّي ذَاهِبُ إِلَى مَدِّجُ سَيَهُدِيْنِ	6

Worksheet 27 - Short Quran Verses

Note: Ensure each word is read separately, clearly and audibly. Only then let your child attempt the entire sentence. Most sentences on this page contain words with Tashdeed, go over these carefully.

اَ فَلاَ تَنَ كُّرُوْنَ	1
وَ تَوَلَّ عَـنْهُمُ حَتَّى حِيْنٍ	2
هَلُ أَنْتُمُ مُطَّلِعُونَ	3
وَ بَشَرُنْهُ بِإِسْحٰقَ نَبِيّاً	4
نَعْلَمُ مَا يُسِرُّونَ وَ مَا يُعْلِنُونَ	5
تعليم ما يسرون و ما يعلِنون	
وَلَقَلُ أَضَلَّ مِنْكُمُ	6

Worksheet 28 - Short Quran Verses

Note: At this stage your child should be confident in applying the Tashdeed concept. Most sentences on this page contain two or more words with Tashdeed.

فَعَّالٌ لِّمَا يُرِيْنُ	1
و إذا مَرُّوْا بِهِمْ	2
اِلَّا كُلُّ مُعْتَدٍ اَثِيْمِ	3
وَ أَذِنَتُ لِرَبِّهَا وَ حُقَّتُ	4
كَلَّا بَلْ تُكَنِّ بُونَ	5
لا بن حبر بون	
اِنَّ كِتٰبَ الْفُجَّارِ لَفِى سِجِّيْنٍ	6

Worksheet 29

3	2	1
ىسىئى ئ	ه و ه سو ء	شُاءَ
6	5	4
جِـی ءَ	مجوع	جَآءَ
9	8	7
صِـی ءِ	صُوْءًا	صَاءَ
12	11	10
طِئءَ	طُوْعِ	طآء
15	14	13
هِي ءِ	ه و ع مُ و ع	مَاعُ

Worksheet Number 30 - Madd

3	2	1
نِسَاءٍ	شآءَت	سَمَاءُ
6	5	4
أولئك	أبْنَاءَهُمُ	اَهُوَاءَ هُمُ
9	8	7
ز آئِدًا	بَرِيْءٌ	أَعُلَاءَ
12	11	10
اِسُرَآءِيْلَ	تَرْءَا	بيضآء
15	14	13
و النبي	251	لغَائِظُوْنَ

Worksheet Number 31 - Madd with Tashdeed

ع صوات	ء لر آڏلڪ	و الصفت
6	ر ا ر ت	و الطبقي 4
خَاصَّة	اَلضَّالِيْنَ	جَأَنُّ
9	8	7
شَآنُ	كَأَفَةُ	تَخضُون
12	11	10
لضالون	صَاخَّةٍ	طَآمّة

Worksheet Number 32

3	2	1
حَرَجٌ وَّ لَا	غَفُورًا سَّحِيمًا	لگهٔ مِّنْ

6	5	4
يَعَضُّ الظَّالِمُ	مّعَ الرَّسُولِ	هَبَاءً مُّنْثُوْرًا

9	8	7
شَرُّ مَّكَانًا	هَادِيًا وَ نَصِيْرًا	كَانَ الشَّيْطِنُ

12	11	10
مَتَّ الظِّلَّ	مَنِ اتَّخَنَ	مَطَرَ السَّوْءِ

15	14	13
عَمَلِ الشَّيُطُنِ	عَرَبِيٌ مُّبِيْنُ	قَبُضًا يُسِيُرًا

Worksheet Number 33

3	2	1
مُحِيطًا بِالْكَفِرِينَ	ٱلِيُمْ بِمَا	صُمْ الْبِكُمْ

6	5	4
كَافِرٍ بِه	ٱنۡبَٱۿؙؗؗؗؗۿ۫ۄؙ	ٱنْبِعُونِي

9	8	7
طَيْرًا بِإِذْنِي	آيُمَانُ بَعُنَ	مِنُ بَعْدِ

12	11	10
شَهِيْدًا بَيْنَنَا	مَنُ بَلَغَ	آثبوا

Waqf rules - Notes for parents

These sheets replace pages 34 to 36 in Ahsanul Qawaid. These pages (34 to 36) can be covered <u>after</u> these Waqf rules have been fully completed.

The purpose of this is as follows:

- 1. Highlight the different methods of Waqf <u>in order</u> (in Ahsanul Qawaid there is no particular order).
- 2. To help pupils understand that Waqf must be done when any one of the Waqf symbols appears.
- 3. Provide sufficient examples regarding each rule for the children to practice.

The overall aim is to understand the concepts, and recite the "short sentences" with 100% fluency.

1. What is Waqf?

Waqf in an Arabic word which means to stop at end of or in the middle of a verse.

2. What are the symbols of Wagf?

There are many symbols of Waqf. They can be categorised into two main categories:

- 1. A circle at the end of the verse (\bigcirc)
- 2. A letter from the Arabic alphabet appears. E.g. b, a, τ etc.

3. How many rules are there regarding Waqf?

There are 5 rules regarding Waqf. We will look at each individually in the coming pages.

NOTES:

- ✓ Ensure children are given a good "briefing" that they are to learn
 "how to stop at the end of a verse".
- ✓ Examples need to be given as to what a "verse" is.
- ✓ The word "Waqf" needs to be introduced whilst going over the various examples and rules.
- ✓ The various Waqf signs used in this handout need to be covered prior to starting the first rule. These then need to be constantly emphasised when doing examples.
- ✓ It may be a good idea to open the Quran and show children the various Waqf signs.

Other:

- ✓ Where a child is struggling on the actual word, then this must be rectified as a matter of priority. A child will only struggle if he or she has not fully grasped the previous concepts.
- ✓ Where a child is struggling with the actual word, Waqf becomes second priority. Explaining the relevant concept your child is struggling with must take precedence.
- ✓ At this stage your child must be reciting loudly and audibly.
- ✓ Where there are 2 or more words in an example, after reciting these words "separately", your child needs to recite (as much as possible) the entire "verse" together. This is known as fluency.

Wagf Rule 1 & Worksheet Number 34

When doing Waqf on a word, the last letter will be made Saakin. That means that the Fatha, Dhamma etc will be replaced with a Sukoon.

Example:

|--|

اِذَا حَسَلَ 🗢 ت	1
سَبُعَ سَمُواتٍ ۞ → ثَ	2
قُلُ هُوَ اللَّهُ أَحَدٌ ج	3
مَنْ خَشِي رَبُّهُ ٥	4
مِنْ خَوْتٍ ط	5
ازا یشر ۵	6
وَ سَلَامٌ عَلَى الْمُرْسَلِيْنَ ج	7

Waqf Rule 2 & Worksheet Number 35

When doing Waqf on a word that ends with \ddot{s} , the \ddot{s} will be changed to a \dot{s} . Example:

رِعَةُ → مَا الْقَارِعَهُ

جَنَّةً 🗢	1
دُ سِّ يَّةً طَيِّبَةً	2
اَصْحَابَ الْقَرْيَةِ	3
مَا الْعَقَبَةُ ج	4
يَوْمَئِنٍ وَّاجِفَةٌ ۞	5
اَبْصَامُ هَا خَاشِعَةٌ ط	6
عَلَيْهِمْ مُّؤْصَلَةٌ ٥	7

Wagf Rule 3 & Worksheet Number 36

When doing Waqf on a word that ends with Fathatayn, one Fatha will be removed.

Example:

مَفَازًا مَفَازًا مَفَازًا

عَمَلًا ۞ → لأ	1
وَ أَغْنَابًا ۞ → باً	2
اِنَّهُ كَانَ تَوَّابًا لِ	3
اَخَاهُمْ صَالِحًا ط → حاً	4
و اَ كِينُ كَيْنًا ط	5
ظوی ۵	6
فَجَعَلْنَا هُمْ غُثَاءً ج	7

Waqf Rule 4 & Worksheet Number 37

When doing Waqf on a word that ends with an Alif or Standing Fatha, then it will be read as it is written. Thus there is no change to the last letter of the word as in the previous 2 rules.

Examples:

ایاتِنا		ایاتِنا
والضلى	—	والضيي

آؤ لحى لَهَا ۞	1
لشَتّی ط	2
مَنْ دَسْهَا ۞	3
وَ النَّهَا يِ إِذَا تَجَلَّى ط	4
وَ الشَّمْسِ وَ ضُحْهَا ج	5
وَصَدَّقَ بِالْحُسْنَى ٥	6

Waqf Rules - Various Examples - Worksheet Number 38

Practice doing Waqf with the following examples. All Waqf rules have been mixed up on this page.

بِغَيْرِ حِسَابٍ ٥	1
حَدِيثُ الْغَاشِيَةِ	2
فَسَوْنَ تَعُلَمُوْنَ ٥	3
وَعَذَّ بُنْهَا عَنَابًا ثُكُرًا ط	4
وَ قَالَ الْإِنْسَانُ مَا لَهَا لِمَا	5
وَ أَحُصُوا الْعِلَّاةَ ۞	6
لِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدُمًا	7
نَاجٌ حَامِيَةٌ ج	8
اِنَّ اِلْي مَ بِّلْكَ الرُّجُعٰى ط	9
فَمَنُ يَّعُمَلُ مِثْقَالَ ذَىًّ قٍ خَيْرًا يَّرَهُ وَ	10

Waqf Rule 5 - For parents only

When doing Waqf on a word that ends with a <u>Hamza containing</u> <u>Fathatayn</u>, one Fatha will be removed and an Alif will be added.

Example:



Important: As these types of words occur in the Quran less frequently, we will not be covering this in the class. The aim of Level 1 is to grasp the very basic Waqf rules.

Quran Verses

The aim of the following verses is as follows:

- a) To practice and implement the various concepts that have been covered in Ahsanul Qawaid.
- b) Pupils can have a "sense of achievement" that we are now moving onto the Quran.

Parents and teachers need to:

- a) Ensure there is no parrot fashion learning
- b) Each verse must be written on the whiteboard word by word and then children need to attempt to read each word. Teaching must be interactive and where children stay focused.
- c) After each word has been "broken down" and covered in the above manner should an attempt be made to recite the entire verse together.
- d) Where a child is struggling, then that particular concept needs to be highlighted and revised.
- e) Point out that the various symbols at the end of the verse are "stop" signs.
- f) Pronunciation must always be clear and must no be compromised.
- g) At this stage do not expect a high level of fluency. Our objective is to encourage the recitation of words without any errors. Thus these verses also act as a revision aid for the concepts covered in Ahsanul Qawaid.

Quran Verse - 1

تِلْكَ الرُّسُلُ فَضَّلْنَا بَعُضَهُمْ عَلَى بَعْضِ م

Quran Verse - 2

مِنْهُمْ مَّنْ كَلَّمَ اللهُ وَ رَفَعَ بَعْضَهُمْ دَرَجَاتٍ م

Quran Verse - 3

فَقُلُ خَسِرَ خُسُرَانًا مُّبِينًا ٥

Quran Verse - 4

يَعِنُ هُمُ وَ يُمَنِّيهِمُ وَ مَا يَعِنُ هُمُ الشَّيْطَانُ اللَّ غُرُورًا ۞

Quran Verse - 5

لَهُمُ أَجُرُهُمْ عِنْلَ رَبِّهِمْ ع

Quran Verse - 6

فَمَنِ افْتَرَى عَلَى اللهِ الْكَذِبِ مِنُ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ اللهِ الْكَذِبِ مِنُ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ اللهِ الْكَذِب

Quran Verse - 7

وَإِذْ قَالَ إِبْرَاهِيمُ رَبِ أَرِنِي كَيْفَ تُحْيِى الْمَوْتَى لَا

Quran Verse - 8

قَالَ أُولَمُ تُؤْمِنُ ا

قَالَ بَلَى وَلَكِنَ لِيَطْمَئِنَ قَلْبِي طَ

Quran Verse - 9

فَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الظَّالِمُونَ ۞ قُلُ صَدَقَ اللَّهُ "

Quran Verse - 10

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ المَنُوا كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُمُ الطِّيامُ كَمَا كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُمُ الطِّيامُ كَمَا كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُمُ الطِّيامُ كَمَا كُتِبَ عَلَى الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبُلِكُمُ لَعَلَّكُمُ تَتَّقُونَ ۞

Quran Verse - 11

ٱلَّذِينَ يُنفِقُونَ أَمُوالَهُمْ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ ثُمَّ لاَيْتُبِعُونَ

مَا أَنْفَقُوا مَنَّا وَلاَّ أَذِّي لا

Quran Verse - 12

تِلْكُ أَيَاتُ الْكِتَابِ الْمُبِيُنِ ۞

إِنَّا اَنْزَلْنَاهُ قُرْانًا عَرَبِيًّا لَّعَلَّكُمْ تَعْقِلُونَ ۞

Quran Verse - 13

لاَ يَشْتَرُونَ بِأَيَاتِ اللهِ ثَمَنًا قَلِيُلاً اللهِ لَكُونَ بِأَيَاتِ اللهِ ثَمَنًا قَلِيُلاً اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ مَا يَعِدُ اللهِ اللهِ مَا يَعِدُ اللهِ اللهِ مَا يَعِدُ اللهِ مَا يَعْدُ مُنْ عَلَيْكُ اللهِ مَا يَعْدُ اللهِ مَا يَعْدُ اللهِ مَاعِمُ اللهِ مَا يَعْدُ مُنْ عَلَيْكُمُ مُنْ عَلَيْكُمُ مِنْ عَلَيْكُمُ مِنْ عَلَيْكُمُ مِنْ عَلَيْكُمُ مُنْ عَلَيْكُمُ مِنْ عَلَيْكُمُ مُنْ عَلَيْكُمُ مِنْ عَلَيْكُمُ مِنْ عَلَيْكُمُ مُنْ عَلَيْكُمُ مُنْ عَلَيْكُمُ مُنْ عَلَيْكُمُ مِنْ عَلَيْكُمُ مِنْ عَلَيْكُمُ مُنْ عَلِي مُنْ عَلَيْكُمُ مِنْ عَلَيْكُمُ مُنْ عَلَيْكُمُ مُنْ عَلَيْكُمُ مِنْ عَلَيْكُمُ مُنْ عَلِي مُعْمُ عَلَيْكُمُ مُعُلِي مُعْمُ مِنْ عَلَيْكُمُ مُنْ عَلَيْكُمُ مُنْ عَلَيْكُمُ مُعْمُ عَلَيْكُمُ مُنْ عَلَيْكُمُ مُنْ عَلَيْكُمُ مُعُمُ مُنْ عَلَيْكُمُ مُنْ عَلَيْكُمُ

Quran Verse - 14

إِنَّ اللهَ سَرِيْعُ الْحِسَابِ ۞ يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِيْنَ الْمَنُوْا اصْبِرُوْا وَصَابِرُوْا وَ رَابِطُوْا "

Quran Verse - 15

إِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَ الَّذِيْنَ هَاجَرُوْا وَ جَاهَلُ وَا فِي النَّذِيْنَ الْمَنُوْا وَ جَاهَلُ وَا فِي سَبِيْلِ اللهِ لا

Quran Verse - 16

أُولَئِكَ يَرُجُونَ مَ حُمَتَ اللهِ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ مَّ حِيمٌ ﴿

Quran Verse - 17

يَا يُهَا الَّذِينَ الْمَنْوَ الْإِدَا قُمْتُمْ إِلَى الصَّلُوةِ فَاغْسِلُوا وَالْكُلُوةِ فَاغْسِلُوا وَالْكُومُ وَالْمُنْوَ الْمُنْوَا الْمُنْوَالُولِيَالُولِيَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّمْمُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُولِلّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ ا

Quran Verse - 18

يُؤتِى الْحِكْمَةَ مَنْ يَشَاء ،

ومَنْ يُؤْتَ الْحِكْمَةَ فَقَلُ أُوتِي خَيْرًا كَثِيْرًا مَ

Quran Verse - 19

فَمَنُ حَاجَكَ فِيهِ مِنُ بَعُدِ مَا جَاءَكَ مِنَ الْعِلْمِ فَقُلْ تَعَالَوُا ﴾

Quran Verse - 20

إِنَّمَا يُرِيُنُ الشَّيْطَانُ أَنُ يُّوْقِعَ بَيْنَكُمُ الْعَدَاوَةَ وَ الْبَعْضَاءَ فِي الْخَمْرِ وَ الْمَيْسِرِ ﴿

Quran Verse - 21

لَّنَ يَسْتَنْكِفَ الْمَسِيْحُ أَنْ يَّكُوْنَ عَبُدًا لِلَّهِ وَلاَ الْمَلاَئِكَةُ الْمُقَرَّبُونَ ﴿

Quran Verse - 22

فَلَمَّا عَتَوَا عَنَ مَّا نُهُوا عَنُهُ قُلْنَا لَهُمُ كُونُوا قِرَدَةً خَسِئِيْنَ ۞

Quran Verse - 23

قَالُوٓا إِنَّا تَطَيَّرُنَا بِكُمْ

لَئِنَ لَّمُ تَنْتَهُوا لَنَرُجُمَنَّكُمُ وَلَيَمَسَّنَّكُمُ وِلَيَمَسَّنَّكُمُ وِنَّا عَذَابُ أَلِيمُ

Quran Verse - 24

إِنَّمَا الْمُؤْمِنُونَ إِخُوةٌ فَأَصْلِحُوا بَيْنَ أَخَوَيْكُمُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ لَحُونُ يُكُمُ وَاللَّهُ لَعَلَّكُمُ تُرْحَمُونَ ۞

Quran Verse - 25

أتُلُ مَّا أُوحِي إِلَيْكَ مِنَ الْكِتَابِ وَ أَقِمِ الصَّلُولَةَ السَّالُولَةَ السَّالُولَةَ السَّالُولَةَ ال

Quran Verse - 26

إِنَّ الصَّلَاةَ تَنْهَى عَنِ الْفَحْشَآءِ وَ الْمُنْكَرِ الْ

End of workbook.

Keep this safe.

It will be required for revision at the beginning of the term in Level 2.